

# AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

For the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

Audited Financial Statements

# WEST VIRGINIA HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FUND

For the Years Ended June 30, 2014 and 2013

Audited Financial Statements

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## **INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT**

To the Board of Directors West Virginia Housing Development Fund Charleston, West Virginia

## **Report on the Financial Statements**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the West Virginia Housing Development Fund (the Fund), a component unit of the State of West Virginia, as of and for the years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Fund's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

#### Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

#### Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Opinion

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Fund, as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, and the changes in its financial position, and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.





# **Other Matters**

## Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis on pages 3 through 12 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information assurance.

Jucons : Kanash, A.C.

Charleston, West Virginia August 27, 2014



## WEST VIRGINIA HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FUND MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS (UNAUDITED)

#### **INTRODUCTION**

The West Virginia Housing Development Fund (the Fund) is a public body corporate with statewide responsibility for housing and operates a wide variety of programs to provide safe and affordable housing for residents and families in the State of West Virginia (the State). The Fund is a self-supporting agency and does not receive State appropriations for its operations. Through June 30, 2014, the Fund has provided assistance for more than 116,000 housing or housing-related units.

The permanent staff of the Fund consists of 110 persons, including professional staff members qualified in the fields of accounting, appraisal, finance, law, mortgage underwriting, mortgage loan servicing, secondary mortgage markets, planning, cost estimation, construction, inspection, and housing management. The Fund provides services in these fields for its programs as required and utilizes professional consulting services from time to time to supplement its own staff.

The Fund has 17 bond issues totaling \$415,190,000 par amount outstanding under its bond resolutions. The bonds are rated "AAA" by Standard & Poor's Public Ratings Services (S&P), a Division of McGraw-Hill Companies, and "Aaa" by Moody's Investors Service, Inc. (Moody's).

Fitch, Inc. rates the Fund's unsecured, short-term general obligation debt pledge "F-1+". The Fund's unsecured long-term general obligation debt pledge is rated "Aaa" by Moody's and "AAA" by S&P. The Fund is the first and only housing finance agency ever to receive such ratings on its long-term general obligation debt pledge. These ratings are not assigned to any particular issue of debt, but rather represent an overall credit assessment of the Fund's long-term general obligation pledge.<sup>1</sup>

The financial transactions of the Fund are recorded in relation to its various programs, which are more fully explained in the Notes to the Financial Statements. These programs consist of the General Account, Bond Programs, Other Loan Programs, Land Development Program, Bond Insurance Account, and Federal Programs. These were established in accordance with the West Virginia Housing Development Fund Act (the Act), the bond resolutions or at management's discretion. The restricted net position of the Fund includes the net position of the Bond Programs, Land Development Program, Bond Insurance Account, and Federal Programs, Land Development Program, Bond Insurance Account, and Federal Programs, Land Development Program, Bond Insurance Account, and Federal Programs, Land Development Program, Bond Insurance Account, and Federal Programs, Land Development Program, Bond Insurance Account, and Federal Programs, Land Development Program, Bond Insurance Account, and Federal Programs, Land Development Program, Bond Insurance Account, and Federal Programs, which are restricted by the bond resolutions, the Act, or federal regulations.

As management of the Fund, we offer readers of the Fund's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the Statements of Net Position and the Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position as of and for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> An explanation of the Moody's ratings may be obtained by writing to Moody's Investors Service, Inc., 7 World Trade Center, 250 Greenwich Street, New York, New York 10007; an explanation of the S&P ratings may be obtained by writing to Standard & Poor's Public Ratings Services, 55 Water Street, New York, New York 10041; and an explanation of the Fitch rating may be obtained by writing to Fitch, Inc., One State Street Plaza, New York, New York 10004. There is no assurance that such ratings will be maintained for any period of time or that such ratings will not be withdrawn or revised downward by Moody's, S&P, or Fitch if, in their judgment, circumstances so warrant. Such actions, if taken, could have an adverse effect on the market price of bonds issued by the Fund.

## USING THIS REPORT

This report consists of a series of financial statements: the Statements of Net Position, the Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position, and the Statements of Cash Flows. These statements provide information about the activities of the Fund for each period presented.

The financial statements of the Fund are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States for state housing finance enterprise funds. The Statements of Net Position represent the difference between the assets and liabilities of the Fund and include all assets and liabilities using the basis of accounting described above. Over time, increases or decreases in the Fund's net position are one indicator of whether its financial status is improving, stable, or deteriorating. There are also other factors that should be considered when reviewing the operational results of the Fund, such as changes in the interest rate environment, bond market, changes to state and federal laws governing the Fund's programs, changes to the tax code, and the real estate market in the State. The Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position of the Fund reflect revenues, such as interest on loans, loan-servicing fees, interest on investments, expenses, such as loan fees, program expenses, administrative expenses, and interest on outstanding debt. The Notes to the Financial Statements provide information that is essential to fully understand the data provided in the financial statements.

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

Following is a comparison of the Fund's condensed Statements of Net Position at June 30:

(Dollars in thousands)	2014	2013	2012
ASSEIS			
Current assets	\$ 77,422	\$ 80,024	\$ 110,386
Noncurrent assets:			
Mortgage loans & Restricted mortgage loans,			
net of allowance for losses	690,048	697,427	763,345
Restricted Federal Program mortgage			
loans, net of allowance for losses	48,963	50,284	53,339
Restricted cash and cash equivalents	19,073	31,123	28,758
Investments & Restricted investments	97,522	102,842	124,142
Capital assets, net of depreciation	9,985	10,070	10,016
Other assets & Restricted other assets, net of			
allowance for losses	7,720	6,412	8,271
Total assets	950,733	978,182	1,098,257
LIABILITIES			
Current liabilities:			
Accounts payable and other liabilities	18,010	18,219	18,663
Accrued interest payable	2,515	2,717	3,708
Bonds payable	68,815	40,425	66,245
Noncurrent liabilities:			
Bonds & notes payable, net	348,020	415,273	515,139
Other liabilities, Federal Programs	49,333	51,243	53,655
Total liabilities	486,693	527,877	657,410
NET POSITION			
Investment in capital assets	9,985	10,070	10,016
Net position - Restricted	381,359	366,995	351,468
Net position - Unrestricted	72,696	73,240	79,363
TO TAL NET POSITION	\$ 464,040	\$ 450,305	\$ 440,847

Below is additional discussion of the significant financial statement items and the changes in those items over the prior two years due to recent events and activities of the Fund, current economic factors, and other factors affecting the Fund's financial and programmatic operations.

# Current assets

The decrease of \$2,602,000 (3.3%), in <u>*Current assets*</u> from 2013 to 2014 was primarily due to a \$1,030,000 decrease in cash related to program disbursements and a \$1,636,000 decrease in funds held on behalf of others primarily for tax and insurance escrows.

The decrease of \$30,362,000 (27.5%), in *Current assets* from 2012 to 2013 was primarily due to \$30,110,000 used to call bonds.

# Mortgage loans & Restricted mortgage loans, net of allowance for losses

The decrease of \$7,379,000 (1.1 %) in <u>Mortgage loans & Restricted mortgage loans, net of allowance for losses</u> from 2013 to 2014 was primarily due to mortgage loan prepayment and repayments of \$73,063,000 and foreclosures of \$8,001,000 exceeding loan originations of \$73,492,000 and a decrease of \$182,000 in loan loss provisions. Mortgage loan balances in the Bond Programs decreased approximately \$9,553,000 from 2013 to 2014.

The decrease of \$65,918,000 (8.6 %) in <u>Mortgage loans & Restricted mortgage loans, net of allowance for losses</u> from 2012 to 2013 was primarily due to mortgage loan prepayment and repayments of \$107,080,000 and foreclosures of \$6,853,000 exceeding loan originations of \$49,033,000 and an increase of \$942,000 in loan loss provisions. Mortgage loan balances in the Bond Programs decreased approximately \$63,197,000 from 2012 to 2013.

# Restricted Federal Program mortgage loans, net of allowance for losses

This line item consists of the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development's (HUD) HOME Investment Program (HOME) mortgage loans. The fluctuations from year to year represent the net HOME program loans originated during the years presented.

## Restricted cash and cash equivalents

The decrease of \$12,050,000 (38.7%) in <u>Restricted cash and cash equivalents</u> from 2013 to 2014 was primarily due to a \$12,688,000 decrease in the balance of funds available to purchase single family mortgage loans. The balance of bond proceeds available for the purchase of single family mortgages is primarily related to the timing of bonds issued for this purpose or recycled funds available for loan purchases.

The increase of \$2,365,000 (8.2%) in <u>Restricted cash and cash equivalents</u> from 2012 to 2013 was due to a \$1,742,000 increase in the balance of funds available to purchase single family mortgage loans and a \$623,000 increase due to the proceeds of long-term investment maturities reinvested short-term. The balance of bond proceeds available for the purchase of single family mortgages is primarily related to the timing of bonds issued for this purpose or recycled funds available for loan purchases.

## Investments & Restricted investments

The fluctuations in <u>Investments and Restricted investments</u> from year to year is the net effect of investment purchases, redemptions, maturities and amortization and the change in fair value of investments as required by Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 31. This statement requires certain investments to be recorded at fair value and the unrealized gains or losses be reported in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses and Changes in Fund Net Position.

The following summary illustrates the changes in *Investments & Restricted investments* as of June 30:

(Dollars in thousands)	 2014		2013		2013		2012
Balance at beginning of fiscal year	\$ 102,842	\$	124,142	\$	120,419		
Sales, maturities and amortization	(46,835)		(88,191)		(87,538)		
Purchases	42,008		71,739		85,569		
(Decrease) Increase in fair value of investments	(493)		(4,848)		5,692		
Balance at end of fiscal year	\$ 97,522	\$	102,842	\$	124,142		

# *Capital assets, net of depreciation* See Note A – *Capital assets, net of depreciation*

The decrease of \$85,000 (0.8 %) from 2013 to 2014 was due to depreciation of \$427,000, the sale of the Fund's former office building in the amount of \$220,000, net of the purchase of software of \$447,000 and equipment and building improvements of \$115,000.

The increase of \$54,000 (.5 %) from 2012 to 2013 was due to improvements of \$452,000, net of depreciation of \$398,000.

# Other assets and Restricted other assets, net of allowance for losses

The increase of \$1,308,000 (20.4%) in <u>Other assets and Restricted other assets, net of allowance for losses</u> from 2013 to 2014 was primarily due to an increase in foreclosed properties.

The decrease of \$1,859,000 (22.5%) in <u>Other assets and Restricted other assets, net of allowance for losses</u> from 2012 to 2013 was primarily due to a decrease in foreclosed properties.

# Accounts payable and other liabilities

The decrease of \$209,000 (1.1%) in <u>Accounts payable and other liabilities</u> from 2013 to 2014 was primarily due to a decrease in tax and insurance escrows held on behalf of the Fund's various mortgagors.

The decrease of \$444,000 (2.4%) in <u>Accounts payable and other liabilities</u> from 2012 to 2013 was primarily due to a decrease in tax and insurance escrows held on behalf of the Fund's various mortgagors.

# Bonds and notes payable, current and noncurrent

As illustrated in the following schedule, the changes in <u>Bonds and notes payable</u> were due to the early redemption or refunding of bonds, scheduled debt service payments, and new bonds and notes issued. The changes in the balance of bonds and notes payable and interest rates generally account for the fluctuations in <u>Accrued interest payable</u> in 2014 and 2013. See Note D – <u>Bonds & Notes payable, current and noncurrent.</u>

(Dollars in thou	sands)	 2014	 2013	 2012
Balance at be	ginning of the fiscal year			
Bonds pays	able - current	\$ 40,425	\$ 66,245	\$ 142,135
Bonds pays	able - noncurrent	415,273	515,139	559,044
Debt issued:	Housing Finance Bonds	47,500	21,000	50,000
	New Issue Bond Program	-	-	118,620
	Other Loan Programs note payable	250	250	-
Debt paid:	Scheduled debt service - Bonds & notes payable	(23,052)	(25,065)	(20,651)
-	Early redemptions and refundings	(63,055)	(121,360)	(267,250)
Amortization	of bond premiums	(506)	(511)	(514)
Balance at en	d of the fiscal year	\$ 416,835	\$ 455,698	\$ 581,384
Bonds payabl	e - current	\$ 68,815	\$ 40,425	\$ 66,245
Bonds & note	es payable - noncurrent	348,020	415,273	515,139
Total bonds &	k notes payable	\$ 416,835	\$ 455,698	\$ 581,384

# Other liabilities, Federal Programs

The decrease of \$2,412,000 (4.5%) and decrease of \$1,910,000 (3.7%) in <u>Other liabilities, Federal programs</u> from 2012 to 2013 and from 2013 to 2014, respectively, was due to activity fluctuations in the outstanding balance of Federal Programs mortgage loans as a result of loans originated.

<u>**Total Net Position**</u> improved by \$9,458,000 (2.1%) from June 30, 2012 to June 30, 2013. From June 30, 2013 to June 30, 2014, <u>**Total Net Position**</u> improved by \$13,735,000 (3.1%) as the net position of the Fund improved to \$464,040,000 at June 30, 2014.

Following is a comparison of the Fund's condensed Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position for the fiscal years ended June 30:

(Dollars in thousands)	2014	2013	2012
REVENUES			
Interest on loans	\$ 35,907	\$ 39,219	\$ 44,285
Pass-through grant revenue	67,454	65,325	87,565
Fee revenue	6,402	6,473	7,282
Net investment earnings (non-operating)	3,402	(937)	9,717
Other	992	1,758	1,643
Total Revenues	114,157	111,838	150,492
EXPENSES			
Pass-through grant expense	67,454	65,325	87,565
Interest and debt expense (non-operating)	15,469	18,709	24,205
Loan fees expense	3,825	4,628	4,382
Program expenses, net	3,964	4,188	5,277
Administrative expenses, net	9,710	9,530	10,206
Total Expenses	100,422	102,380	131,635
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	13,735	9,458	18,857
NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	450,305	440,847	421,990
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	\$ 464,040	\$ 450,305	\$ 440,847

#### Interest on loans

The decrease in <u>Interest on loans</u> of \$3,312,000 (8.4%) from 2013 to 2014 was primarily due to a decrease in mortgage loan balances from the prior year as well as a decrease in the average mortgage loan rate.

The decrease in <u>Interest on loans</u> of \$5,066,000 (11.4%) from 2012 to 2013 was primarily due to a decrease in mortgage loan balances from the prior year as well as a decrease in the average mortgage loan rate.

#### Pass through grant revenue and Pass through grant expense

This line item represents federal funds received and disbursed to sub-recipients under Federal Programs. In 2009, the American Recovery and Reinvestment Act appropriated funds for the Tax Credit Assistance Program (TCAP) and the Tax Credit Exchange Program (TCEP). Both of these programs were temporary and expired in fiscal year 2012. The TCAP was a grant program that provided funds for capital investments in Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Program properties. The TCEP was a federal grant from the Treasury that allowed the exchange of certain tax credits for cash assistance.

The increase of \$2,129,000 (3.3%) from 2013 to 2014 was primarily due to HOME disbursements as well as an increase in the Section 8 Housing Assistance Payments Program (HAP) disbursements.

The decrease of \$22,240,000 (25.4%) from 2012 to 2013 was primarily due to the expiration of the Tax Credit Assistance Program (TCAP) and the Tax Credit Exchange Program (TCEP).

#### <u>Fee revenue</u>

The decrease of \$71,000 (1.1%) in *Fee revenue* from 2013 to 2014 was primarily due to a decrease of \$69,000 in mortgage loan fees.

The decrease of \$809,000 (11.1%) in *Fee revenue* from 2012 to 2013 was primarily due to a decrease of \$286,000 in Low-Income Housing Tax Credit fees, a decrease of \$264,000 in fees earned in the HAP program and a decrease of \$247,000 in fees related to multifamily financing fees and multifamily prepayment penalties.

## <u>Net investment earnings</u>

<u>Net investment earnings</u> decreased \$10,654,000 (109.6%) from 2012 to 2013 and increased \$4,339,000 (463.1%) from 2013 to 2014 in the comparison of revenues and expenses above. However, <u>Net investment earnings</u> include unrealized gains and losses in the fair market value of investments for each of the fiscal years presented as required by GASB Statement No. 31. As shown in the schedule below, the Fund's investment earnings, adjusted for the unrealized gains or losses, decreased 11.6% from 2012 to 2013 and decreased an additional 1.8% from 2013 to 2014.

(Dollars in thousands)	June 30, <u>2014 2013 2012</u>					<u>2012</u>
Net investment income per operating statement Adjustments for unrealized loss (gain) on fair value of securities Interest earned on investments	\$ \$	3,402 447 3,849	\$ \$	(937) 4,858 3,921	\$ \$	9,717 (5,279) 4,438
% Decrease from prior year		(1.8%)		(11.6%)		

## **Other revenues**

The decrease of \$766,000 (43.6%) in <u>Other revenues</u> from 2013 to 2014 was primarily due to a decrease in gains on sale of mortgage loan in the secondary market.

The increase of \$115,000 (7.0%) in <u>Other revenues</u> from 2012 to 2013 was primarily due to an increase in gains on sale of mortgage loan in the secondary market.

## Interest and debt expense

The \$3,240,000 (17.3 %) decrease in *Interest and debt expense* from 2013 to 2014 was primarily due to \$63,055,000 in bond redemptions and refundings during 2014.

The \$5,496,000 (22.7 %) decrease in *Interest and debt expense* from 2012 to 2013 was primarily due to \$121,360,000 in bond redemptions and refundings during 2013.

## <u>Loan fees expense</u>

The \$803,000 (17.4%) decrease in *Loan fees expense* from 2013 to 2014 was primarily due to a decrease in loan origination fees paid to lenders due to a decrease in secondary market loan purchases.

The \$246,000 (5.6%) increase in *Loan fees expense* from 2012 to 2013 was primarily due to an increase in loan origination fees paid to lenders due to an increase in secondary market loan purchases.

#### Program expenses, net

The \$224,000 (5.3%) decrease in <u>*Program expenses, net*</u> from 2013 to 2014 was primarily due to a decrease of \$604,000 in losses on foreclosed properties, a decrease of \$41,000 in bad debt expense, net of increases in cost of issuance expenses and Special Needs disbursements of \$257,000 and \$181,000 respectively.

The \$1,089,000 (20.6%) decrease in <u>*Program expenses, net*</u> from 2012 to 2013 was primarily due to a decrease of \$1,133,000 in cost of issuance expenses net of an increase of \$37,000 in provision for loan loss expenses.

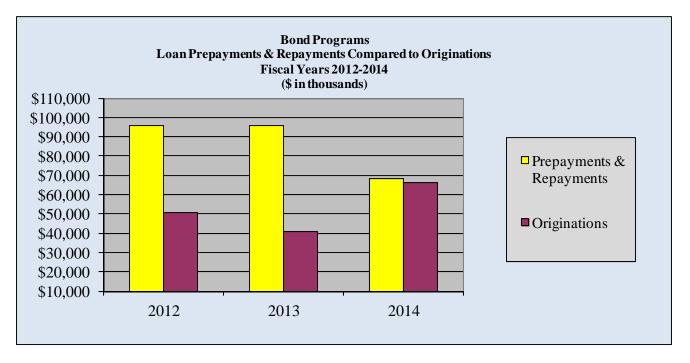
## **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

#### **Mortgage Lending**

The Fund's Bond Programs are the core-housing programs and the primary source of income for the Fund. Various economic and regulatory factors such as prevailing economic conditions, mortgage interest rates, investment rates, the demand for housing, the cost of housing and of operating housing programs, the volume of mortgage lending activity in the State and other factors affecting the supply of housing in the State can create significant challenges for the Fund in both the Bond Programs and its overall operations.

Since the sharp decline in the housing industry and the dramatic decrease in mortgage interest rates during fiscal year 2009, the Fund's mortgage rates have not been competitive to the conventional loan market. In addition, lending guidelines have been more restrictive, preventing many borrowers from qualifying for home mortgage loans. Record low interest rates have also contributed to a large number of borrowers refinancing their Bond Program loans. Consequently, the Bond Programs mortgage loan balances decreased \$63,197,000 in fiscal 2013 as a result of mortgage loan repayments and prepayments exceeding loan originations. In 2014, loan repayments and prepayments slowed significantly, but still exceeded loan originations by \$9,553,000. Mortgage loan balances and continued loan originations are key elements to future earnings potential.

The following chart illustrates the volume of loan prepayments and repayments compared to originations from fiscal year 2012 through fiscal year 2014 for the Bond Programs.



Interest rates on new single family bond loans originated in fiscal year 2014 have averaged approximately 4.21%. Due to lower interest rates on new single family loan originations and the prepayment of higher interest single family and multifamily loans, the average interest rate on loans outstanding has declined as follows.

June 30, 2012	5.40%	
June 30, 2013	5.16%	
June 30, 2014	4.97%	

Despite significant increases in the amount of foreclosures and delinquency rates nationwide, the Fund's foreclosures and delinquency rates for loans over two months delinquent have remained comparable to the State and National rates. Nationwide increases began in late 2006 and continue to remain high. The increases are a result of sub-prime lending, lower home values and a weakened economy. The Fund attributes the steadiness of its delinquency rates to sound underwriting practices and with the exception of a few counties within the State, no significant decline in home values. Also, the Fund's Bond Programs consist of 30-year fixed rate loans and no sub-prime loans.

	WV Housing	· -	nt Fund	WV*	US A*
	As	of June 30,		As of	
	2012	2013	2014	March 3	1, 2014
Months Past Due					
One	4.34%	5.16%	4.95%	3.40%	2.41%
Two	1.14%	1.12%	1.38%	1.10%	0.89%
Three	0.65%	0.53%	0.56%	1.89%	2.39%
In foreclosure	1.68%	2.31%	2.01%	1.18%	2.65%

#### Investments

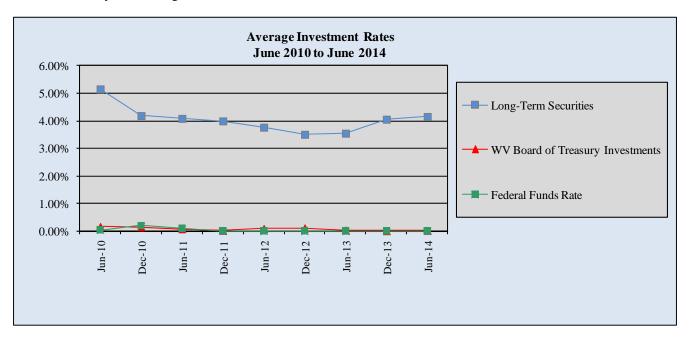
The Fund invests cash not required for immediate disbursement as permitted by the Act, the bond resolutions, and the Board approved Investment Policy. Funds related to the Bond Programs capital reserves and the Bond Insurance Account are primarily invested in long-term United States agency securities and FDIC insured certificates of deposit or collateralized certificates of deposit, which are expected to be held to maturity. Certain funds in the Bond Insurance Account and general operating funds are invested in mortgage loans held solely for investment. The interest earnings on these investment types are less affected by the fluctuation in short-term interest rates. However, as these long-term securities mature or are called, the Fund's long-term average rates are decreasing due to the current lower yield opportunities for the reinvestment of these funds.

Loan proceeds and revenues of the Bond Programs, Other Loan Program, and operating funds are primarily on deposit with a bank, invested in FDIC insured certificates of deposit or collateralized certificates of deposit. All bank deposits are either FDIC insured or collateralized by permitted investments. The remaining funds are on deposit with the West Virginia Board of Treasury Investments (WVBOTI). Such funds are extremely sensitive to short-term interest rate fluctuations.

As shown in the following chart, the average investment rates for short-term investments and the WVBOTI has been consistent with the Federal Funds rate and have remained at a historical low of 0.00% to 0.25% since 2009. Due to market conditions the Fund invests in Demand Deposit Accounts, FDIC insured certificates of deposit and in collateralized certificates of deposit to maximize investment yields and preserve principal.

The low interest rate environment has directly impacted the Fund's investment earnings as they decreased 10.5% from 2012 to 2013, net of unrealized gains or losses, and an additional 1.8% from 2013 to 2014, net of unrealized gains or losses.

Below is a summary of the average investment rates from June 2010 to June 2014:



#### **Debt Management**

The Fund issues qualified mortgage revenue bonds to fund its single family Bond Programs. When bonds are issued, the initial proceeds are invested in short-term investments until the funds are used for the purchase of mortgage loans. Because short-term investment rates are typically lower than the long-term bond rates, this creates negative arbitrage. To reduce this negative arbitrage, the Fund delays the issuance of new bonds until absolutely necessary.

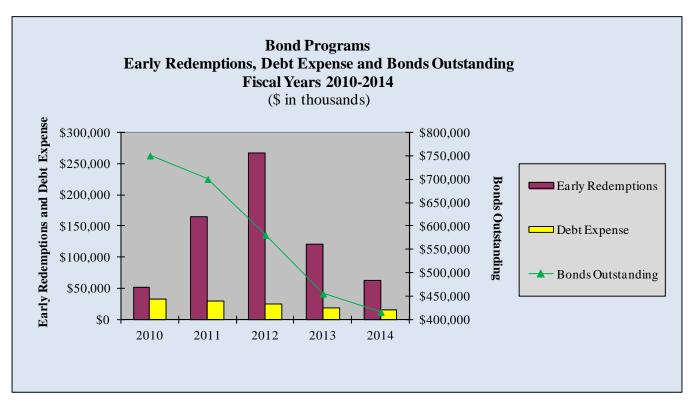
The Fund sometimes uses general operating funds as a warehouse line to purchase new loans in anticipation of bond sales. In addition to general operating funds, the Fund has a \$15,000,000 line of credit with the Federal Home Loan Bank (the FHLB) that is also available to use as a warehouse line for the purchase of single family, multifamily and secondary market loans. This line of credit is to be secured by investments of the Bond Insurance Account as advances are received and is a general obligation of the Fund. At June 30, 2014, 2013 and 2012 no advances had been drawn on this line of credit, and accordingly, no balance is outstanding.

When bonds are issued from the bond volume allocation, known as "new money" bonds, certain repayments and prepayments of mortgage loans made from these proceeds may be "recycled" into additional mortgage loans for ten years. The Fund uses recycling to supplement its bond issues by using prepayments for additional mortgage loans instead of issuing debt. If the market interest rates on mortgages are lower than the corresponding bond rates, the Fund may redeem bonds in lieu of recycling. However, if mortgage rates are higher than the corresponding bond rates the Fund may redirect prepayments into additional mortgage loans in lieu of redeeming bonds. Moving forward into fiscal year 2015 the Fund expects to continue to recycle mortgage loan repayments from its bond issues when it is economically prudent to do so.

During fiscal years 2012, 2013 and 2014, the Fund redeemed or refunded \$267,250,000, \$121,360,000 and \$63,055,000 in bonds, respectively. The decrease in early redemptions for 2013 as compared to 2012 and for 2014 as compared to 2013 is a factor of a decrease in the amount of funds received from early prepayments of mortgages and bonds redeemed in lieu of recycling. In addition, 2012, 2013 and 2014 redemptions included the refunding of bonds in the amount of \$105,510,000, \$25,000,000 and \$27,500,000, respectively.

Debt expense was \$24,205,000, \$18,709,000 and \$15,469,000 in fiscal years 2012, 2013 and 2014, respectively. Debt expense decreased in 2013 and 2014 as compared to 2012 due to lower bond balances as a result of redemptions exceeding new debt issuances and interest savings resulting from refundings of high rate bonds.

The following chart illustrates early bond redemptions, debt expense and bonds outstanding in the Bond Programs.



## Other

The Fund services all of its outstanding mortgage loans and services loans on behalf of Fannie Mae, Freddie Mac, the West Virginia Affordable Housing Trust and the West Virginia Jobs Investment Trust. The Fund is the largest loan servicer in the State with serviced loans of \$1.2 billion. Servicing fee income in the amount of \$3,390,000 represents 7.83% of the Fund's operating revenues, net of pass through grant revenue, for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2014.

#### CONTACTING THE FUND'S FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT

The above financial highlights are designed to provide a general overview of the Fund's operations and insight into the following financial statements. Additional information may be requested by contacting the Acting Executive Director, West Virginia Housing Development Fund, at 5710 MacCorkle Ave. SE, Charleston, WV 25304, or may be found on our website at www.wvhdf.com.

## WEST VIRGINIA HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FUND STATEMENTS OF NET POSITION (Dollars in Thousands)

		June 30,		
		<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>
ASSETS				
Current assets:				
Cash and cash equivalents (Notes A and C)	\$	25,419	\$	27,166
Accrued interest on loans		249		224
Accrued interest on investments		-		8
Accounts receivable and other assets, net of allowance for losses (Note A)		858		651
Mortgage loans held for sale (Note A)		1,454		690
Restricted cash and cash equivalents (Notes A and C)		45,880		47,325
Restricted accrued interest on loans		2,730		2,973
Restricted accrued interest on investments		832		987
Total current assets		77,422		80,024
Noncurrent assets:				
Mortgage loans, net of allowance for losses(Note A)		46,031		43,741
Capital assets, net of depreciation (Note A)		9,985		10,070
Investments (Notes A and C)		-		1,513
Restricted cash and cash equivalents (Notes A and C)		19,073		31,123
Restricted investments (Notes A and C)		97,522		101,329
Restricted mortgage loans, net of allowance for losses(Note A)		692,980		703,970
Restricted other assets, net of allowance for losses(Note A)		7,720		6,412
Total noncurrent assets		873,311		898,158
Total assets		950,733		978,182
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and other liabilities ( <i>Note A</i> )		18,010		18,219
Accrued interest payable		2,515		2,717
Bonds payable (Note D)		68,815		40,425
Total current liabilities		89,340		61,361
Noncurrent liabilities:				
Other liabilities, Federal Programs (Note A)		49,333		51,243
Bonds & notes payable (Note D)		348,020		415,273
Total noncurrent liabilities		397,353		466,516
Total liabilites		486,693		527,877
NET POSITION				
Restricted for debt service		308,424		297,455
Restricted by state statute for bond insurance and land development		72,935		69,540
Investment in capital assets		9,985		10,070
Unrestricted		72,696		73,240
Total net position	\$	464,040	\$	450,305
roun net position	φ		Ψ	+50,505

## WEST VIRGINIA HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FUND STATEMENTS OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION (Dollars in Thousands)

		ear Ended June 30,
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>
OPERATING REVENUES		
Interest on loans	\$ 35,90	7 \$ 39,219
Pass-through grant revenue (Note A)	67,45	. ,
Fee revenue (Note A)	6,40	
Other (Note A)	97	1,758
	110,74	0 112,775
OPERATING EXPENSES		
Pass-through grant expense (Note A)	67,45	65,325
Loan fees expense (Note A)	3,82	4,628
Program expenses, net (Note A)	3,96	4 4,188
Administrative expenses, net (Note A)	9,71	0 9,530
	84,95	83,671
OPERATING INCOME	25,78	29,104
NON-OPERATING - FINANCING AND		
INVESTING REVENUES (EXPENSES)		-
Gain on sale of capital assets		5 -
Net investment earnings (losses) Interest and debt expense	3,40	· · · ·
interest and debt expense	(15,46	
	(12,05	(19,646)
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	13,73	5 9,458
NET POSITION AT BEGINNING OF YEAR	450,30	440,847
NET POSITION AT END OF YEAR	\$ 464,04	0 \$ 450,305

#### WEST VIRGINIA HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FUND STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (Dollars in Thousands)

	Year Ended June 30,			
	<u>2014</u>	<u>2013</u>		
CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES				
Receipts from lending activities	\$ 116,773	\$ 156,676		
Receipts from other operating activities	7,270	8,177		
(Disbursements) receipts for escrows or advances	(942)	209		
Receipts for federal lending activities	6,982	6,942		
Receipts for federal activities	59,206	58,110		
Disbursements for federal activities	(59,184)	(58,037)		
Purchase of mortgage loans	(81,688)	(56,319)		
Purchase of mortgage loans held for sale	(31,770)	(110,350)		
Sales of mortgage loans	31,006	112,737		
Payments to employees for salaries and benefits	(7,434)	(7,065)		
Payments to vendors	(9,476)	(11,061)		
Net cash provided by operating activities	30,743	100,019		
CASH FLOWS USED IN NONCAPITAL				
FINANCING ACTIVITIES	17 750	21.250		
Net proceeds from bonds and notes	47,750	21,250		
Retirement of bonds and notes	(86,107)	(146,425)		
Interest paid	(16,139)	(20,168)		
Net cash used in noncapital financing activities	(54,496)	(145,343)		
CASH FLOWS USED IN CAPITAL AND RELATED FINANCING ACTIVITIES Purchase of equipment and furnishings	(562)	(452)		
Sale of capital asset	235	(132)		
x				
Net cash used in capital and related financing activities	(327)	(452)		
CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES				
Proceeds from maturities of investments	46,888	88,209		
Purchase of investments	(42,009)	(71,739)		
Net investment earnings	3,959	3,846		
Net cash provided by investing activities	8,838	20,316		
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents	(15,242)	(25,460)		
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year	105,614	131,074		
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$ 90,372	\$ 105,614		
Cash and cash equivalents consist of:				
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 25,419	\$ 27,166		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - current	45,880	47,325		
Restricted cash and cash equivalents - noncurrent	19,073	31,123		
	\$ 90,372	\$ 105,614		

#### WEST VIRGINIA HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FUND STATEMENTS OF CASH FLOWS (CONTINUED) (Dollars in Thousands)

	Year Ended June 30,			
		<u>2014</u>		<u>2013</u>
Reconciliation of operating income to net cash				
provided by operating activities:				
Operating income	\$	25,787	\$	29,104
Adjustments to reconcile operating income to net cash				
provided by operating activities:				
Change in assets and liabilities:				
Accrued interest on loans		(25)		38
Mortgage loans held for sale		(764)		2,387
Other assets		127		398
Allowance for losses on other assets		93		(22)
Restricted accrued interest on loans		243		190
Restricted other assets		(1,775)		2,726
Allowance for losses on restricted other assets		467		(867)
Mortgage loans		(2,675)		3,975
Allowance for losses on mortgage loans		385		(163)
Restricted mortgage loans		7,697		58,716
Allowance for losses on restricted mortgage loans		3,293		6,445
Accounts payable		(200)		(496)
Other liabilities, Federal Programs		(1,910)		(2,412)
Net cash provided by operating activities	\$	30,743	\$	100,019

Noncash investing and financing activities:	
Decrease in fair value of investments	¢

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Decrease in fair value of investments	\$ (493) \$	(4,848)
Net amortization of premiums/discounts on investments	52	18

## WEST VIRGINIA HOUSING DEVELOPMENT FUND NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS, AN INTEGRAL PART OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2014

## NOTE A – AGENCY DESCRIPTION AND SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The West Virginia Housing Development Fund (the Fund) is a governmental instrumentality of the State of West Virginia (the State) and a public body corporate, created under the provisions of Article 18, Chapter 31 of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, and known as the West Virginia Housing Development Fund Act (the Act). Under the Act, the Fund's corporate purposes primarily relate to providing various housing programs. The Fund can also finance non-residential projects as defined in the Act.

The Fund is governed by a Board of Directors consisting of the Governor, Attorney General, Commissioner of Agriculture, and Treasurer of the State, all of whom serve ex-officio as public directors, and seven members, chosen by the Governor with the advice and consent of the State Senate, as private directors from the general public residing in the State. The Act, as amended in January 2005, designates the Governor or his or her designee as the Chair of the Board of Directors. Furthermore, this amendment provides that the Governor shall appoint the Executive Director, with the advice and consent of the State Senate, and that the Executive Director will serve at the Governor's will and pleasure.

The Fund receives no appropriations from the State; however it is included as a discretely presented component unit of the primary government in the State's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report. In defining the Fund for financial reporting purposes, management considered all potential component units. Based on the criteria of accounting principles generally accepted in the United States, the Fund has no component units.

The various programs of the Fund consist of the General Account, the Bond Programs, Other Loan Programs, Land Development Program, Bond Insurance Account, and Federal Programs.

The General Account includes the results of the Fund's loan servicing operations, administrative expenses of the Fund's operations, operations of the Fund's building and fee income related to the administration of the Section 8 Housing Assistance Payments Programs (HAPs Program) and the Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Program.

The Bond Programs include the activities of the single family and multifamily bond programs under the Housing Finance Bond Program and the General New Issue Bond Program resolutions, the purpose of which is to provide affordable housing throughout the State. Assets and revenues of the Bond Programs are restricted subject to the provisions of the bond resolutions and are available for other purposes only to the extent they are not required to meet specified reserve and funding provisions of the resolutions.

Other Loan Programs include the Downpayment and Closing Cost Assistance Program, Secondary Market Program, Leveraged Loan Program, Economic Development Program, Mini-Mod Renovation Program, Flood Program, Demolition Program, Home Emergency Loan Program, Low-Income Assisted Mortgage Program and the Special Needs Program, all of which have been financed from the general reserves of the Fund.

The Land Development Program was established by the Act in 1973 with a \$2,000,000 appropriation from the State Legislature from which the Fund can make below-market interest rate loans to developers to acquire and improve land for residential housing and non-residential construction. The Land Development Program is restricted by State statute.

The Bond Insurance Account was created by the Act as a special trust fund within the State Treasury designated as the "Mortgage Finance Bond Insurance Fund", and was established to provide for the payment of principal and interest in the event of default by the Fund on "Mortgage Finance Bonds," as defined in the Act. The Bond Insurance Account is restricted by State statute and is under the supervision of the West Virginia Municipal Bond Commission (the "Bond Commission"). The Bond Insurance Account is included in the Fund's financial statements but is kept separate and apart from all other accounts of the Fund, the Bond Commission, and the State. Both the Housing Finance Bond Program and the General New Issue Bond Program are considered Mortgage Finance Bonds.

Federal Programs include the United States Department of Housing and Urban Development's (HUD) HOME Investment Program (HOME), Tax Credit Assistance Program (TCAP), HAPs Program and the U.S. Treasury's Tax Credit Exchange Program (TCEP) for which the Fund acts as program administrator. These programs are funded solely through federal monies and are restricted by Federal regulations.

<u>Accounting methods</u>: The accounting policies of the Fund conform to generally accepted accounting principles for state housing finance agency enterprise funds. The various programs were established in accordance with the Act, the bond resolutions, or at management's discretion. The financial statements are prepared using the flow of economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, which requires recognition of revenue when earned and expenses when incurred.

<u>Cash and cash equivalents</u>: The Fund considers all highly liquid investments with an original maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. This includes cash, certificates of deposit, short-term agency notes, collateralized repurchase agreements, and deposits with the West Virginia Board of Treasury Investments (WVBOTI).

<u>Accounts receivable and other assets, net of allowance for losses</u> include accounts receivables, land for housing purposes and foreclosed properties, net of an allowance for estimated probable declines in net realizable value.

(Dollars in thousands)		June 30, 2014							June	30, 2013	3	
	Ba	lance	All	owance		Net	Ba	lance	Allo	wance		Net
Accounts receivable and other A	ssets:											
Accounts receivable	\$	570	\$	(5)	\$	565	\$	570	\$	(1)	\$	569
Land		117		(35)		82		117		(35)		82
Foreclosed property		331		(120)		211		31		(31)		-
Total	\$	1,018	\$	(160)	\$	858	\$	718	\$	(67)	\$	651

<u>Mortgage loans held for sale</u>: In its Secondary Market Program, the Fund purchases and sells fixed-rate and adjustable-rate mortgage loans, primarily to government agencies, on a servicing retained basis. Mortgage loans held for sale, including commitments to purchase and sell loans are carried at the lower of aggregate cost or market. The sale price is determined at the date of commitment and the commitment period generally ranges from 30 to 90 days. At June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013, respectively, the Fund had commitments to purchase loans of \$6,239,000 and \$6,283,000 net of estimated fallout, and commitments to sell loans of \$5,005,000 and \$5,978,000.

<u>Restricted cash and cash equivalents</u> represents monies the Fund holds on behalf of others, restricted by the Act or by the bond resolutions. Included in this line item are tax and insurance escrows held on behalf of the Fund's various mortgagors and payments collected on mortgages for which the Fund acts as servicer only. The Fund is obligated to expend these monies on escrowed items or remit them to the appropriate investors in the case of mortgage loans serviced for the benefit of others. Also included in <u>Restricted cash and cash equivalents</u> are federal housing program funds for which the Fund acts as grantee or agent. The total funds held on behalf of others were \$13,271,000 at June 30, 2014 and \$14,907,000 at June 30, 2013. <u>Restricted cash and cash equivalents</u> to be used for the acquisition of noncurrent assets, such as mortgage loans or investments, are classified as *Noncurrent assets*.

<u>Mortgage loans, net of allowances for losses:</u> These loans consist primarily of unrestricted mortgage loans made under the General Account and Other Loan Programs. The Fund provides for possible losses on loans based on management's review of potential problem loans. The allowance for loan losses is shown below.

(Dollars in thousands)		June 30, 2014						Jun	e 30, 2013		
	В	alance	Al	lowance		Net	В	alance	Al	lowance	Net
Unrestricted Mortgage Loans:											
General Account	\$	3,765	\$	(2,351)	\$	1,414	\$	4,250	\$	(2,520)	\$ 1,730
Other Loan Programs		57,483		(12,866)		44,617		54,323		(12,312)	 42,011
Total	\$	61,248	\$	(15,217)	\$	46,031	\$	58,573	\$	(14,832)	\$ 43,741

<u>Capital assets, net of depreciation</u> include land, buildings, equipment, furnishings and computer software that are stated at their original cost less accumulated depreciation. Capital asset expenditures of \$20,000 or more with a useful life greater than 1 year are capitalized at cost and reported net of accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is computed using the straight-line method over the useful lives of the assets, which is 40 years for the building and from 3 to 10 years for furniture, equipment and software.

(Dollars in thousands)	June 30,			June 30,
	2013	Additions Deletions		2014
Land	\$ 2,030	\$ -	\$ 220	\$ 1,810
Buildings	8,589	-	880	7,709
Equipment and furnishings	1,081	115	-	1,196
Computer software*	-	447		447
	11,700	562	1,100	11,162
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	1,255	193	880	568
Equipment and furnishings	375	234	-	609
	1,630	427	880	1,177
Total	\$10,070	\$ 135	\$ 220	\$ 9,985

\*Implementation in progress, depreciation to begin in fiscal year 2015.

(Dollars in thousands)	June 30,			June 30,
	2012	Additions	Deletions	2013
Land	\$ 2,030	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 2,030
Buildings	8,162	427	-	8,589
Equipment and furnishings	1,056	25		1,081
	11,248	452	-	11,700
Accumulated depreciation:				
Buildings	1,062	193	-	1,255
Equipment and furnishings	170	205		375
	1,232	398	-	1,630
Total	\$10,016	\$ 54	\$ -	\$ 10,070

<u>Restricted investments</u>: The Fund established guidelines for the investment of its funds to meet the requirements of the bond resolutions and the Act. Currently, investments consist primarily of United States government and agency obligations and certificates of deposit with maturities greater than 90 days.

Investment securities are recorded at fair value, based on quoted market prices, and a portion of the unrealized gains or losses is reported in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position as part of <u>Net</u> investment earnings as more fully explained in Note C - Cash and Investments.

<u>Restricted mortgage loans, net of allowance for losses</u> includes loans originated under the General Account, the Bond Programs, Land Development Program, and Federal Programs as well as loans held in the Bond Insurance Account.

The allowance for loan losses in these programs is shown below.

(Dollars in thousands)		June 30, 2014					June 30, 2013							
	В	alance	Allowance		ance Allowance			Net	Net Balance		Allowance		Net	
Restricted Mortgage Loans:														
General Account	\$	486	\$	(482)	\$	4	\$	521	\$	(516)	\$	5		
Land Development		3,272		(1,841)		1,431		3,484		(1,783)		1,701		
Bond Insurance Account		19,012		(841)		18,171		18,849		(833)		18,016		
Bond Programs		634,818		(10,407)		624,411		644,691		(10,727)		633,964		
Federal Programs		127,779		(78,816)		48,963		125,519		(75,235)		50,284		
Total	\$	785,367	\$	(92,387)	\$	692,980	\$	793,064	\$	(89,094)	\$	703,970		

Federal Programs include HOME, which is designed to assist very low-income borrowers and to provide capacity building funds for nonprofit housing organizations. The funds provided to the nonprofits will only be repaid if the nonprofit fails to provide the services required as a condition of receiving HOME funds. Federal Programs also includes TCAP and TCEP, which were designed to assist in the development of Low-Income Housing Tax Credit Program properties. These funds will only be repaid if the recipient fails to comply with certain covenants of their agreement. Therefore, HOME, TCAP and TCEP projects are recorded as restricted mortgage loans and the TCAP, TCEP and nonprofit HOME projects have a corresponding 100% loss allowance in the Statements of Net Position.

Most loans in the Bond Programs are protected against loss by collateralization and various federal and private insurance programs. Repayment of certain multifamily rental project loans is dependent, in part, upon rental and interest subsidy programs of HUD.

<u>Restricted other assets</u> include certain foreclosed properties, properties developed for flood activities, other land for restricted housing purposes, and miscellaneous receivables, net of an allowance for estimated probable declines in the net realizable value. These assets are restricted subject to the provisions of the bond resolutions, the Act, or federal regulations.

(Dollars in thousands)		June 30, 2014	June 30, 2013	
	Balance	Allowance Net	Balance Allowance	Net
Restricted other assets:				
Accounts receivable	\$ 301	\$ - \$ 301	\$ 220 \$ (119) \$	101
Land	2,341	(1,808) 533	2,343 (1,811)	532
Foreclosed property	9,366	(2,480) 6,886	7,670 (1,891)	5,779
Total	\$ 12,008	\$ (4,288) \$ 7,720	\$ 10,233 \$ (3,821) \$	6,412

<u>Accounts payable and other liabilities</u> includes amounts held on behalf of others as explained in Note A - <u>Restricted</u> <u>cash and cash equivalents</u>, amounts due to vendors, and rebateable investment earnings.

<u>Other liabilities, Federal Programs</u> are federal housing program funds for which the Fund acts as grantee or agent to originate mortgages under the HOME program.

<u>Restricted net position</u>: Net position of the Bond Programs is restricted to meet specified reserve and funding provisions in accordance with the bond resolutions. Net positions of the Land Development Program and Bond Insurance Account are restricted in accordance with the Act. Federal Programs are restricted due to requirements of HUD or other grantor agencies. When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available for use, it is generally the Fund's policy to use restricted resources first, and then unrestricted resources as they are needed.

<u>Operating revenues and expenses:</u> The Fund classifies operating revenues and expenses based on the services provided by the Fund and its ongoing operations. This includes such activities as mortgage lending, administration of federal financial awards programs, property management and development, and other related program activities. <u>Net investment earnings</u> and interest on debt are reported as <u>non-operating revenues and expenses</u>.

<u>Pass-through grant revenue and pass-through grant expense</u>: The Fund receives grants and other financial assistance from HOME and the HAPs Programs to transfer or spend on behalf of various secondary recipients. These amounts are considered pass-through grants and are reported in the financial statements as revenue and expense when funds are disbursed to the sub recipient.

<u>Fee revenue</u> consists primarily of loan servicing fees on mortgage loans serviced by the Fund, administration fees earned from the HAPs Program, financing fees, tax credit fees, secondary market fees, prepayment penalties on multifamily loans and deferred document penalty fees.

The Fund services all loans in its portfolio as well as loans on behalf of others totaling approximately \$1,234,000,000 and \$1,264,000,000 at June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Of this total, the portfolio serviced by the Fund on behalf of others approximated \$386,387,000 and \$412,139,000 at June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

<u>Other revenues</u> consist primarily of rental income, gains on sale of mortgages in the Secondary Market Program, gains on sales of foreclosed properties acquired through the Fund's mortgage lending activities, and other miscellaneous revenue items.

<u>Loan fees expense</u> includes fees paid to lenders for the origination of mortgage loans. In addition, loan fees expense includes the cost of acquiring the servicing rights to mortgage loans owned by the Fund and loans owned by others, primarily Fannie Mae.

<u>Program expenses</u> primarily consist of disbursements made under the Fund's various programs, provisions for mortgage loan losses, losses on sales of foreclosed properties acquired through the Fund's mortgage lending activities and costs of bond issuance. <u>Program expenses</u> also include daily operating expenses of the office buildings owned by the Fund.

<u>Administrative expenses, net</u> include salary, benefits, and other operating expenses related to the daily operations of the Fund. When an expense is incurred, the expense is charged to the program or account for which it is directly applicable, whether restricted or unrestricted. Indirect expenses are allocated to programs and accounts based on a percentage of the program's or account's direct salary cost.

<u>Reclassifications</u>: Certain amounts in the 2013 financial statements have been reclassified to conform to the 2014 presentation. Such reclassifications had no effect on <u>Total Net Position</u>.

# NOTE B – ASSETS FOR RESERVED AND OTHER PURPOSES

Assets and revenues of the Bond Programs are subject to the provisions of the bond resolutions and are available for other purposes only to the extent they are not required to meet specified reserve and funding provisions of the resolutions. The Fund, to the extent such monies become available under the terms of the resolutions, has pledged to maintain the net position of its Bond Programs at a level to preserve the Fund's bond ratings. In the event that the Fund fails to comply with the terms of the bond resolutions the holders of such obligations would have recourse to the unrestricted assets of the Fund. The Land Development Program and the Bond Insurance Account are both restricted by State statute.

Assets of the General Account and Other Loan Programs are principally unrestricted and may be transferred to other programs subject to the approval of the Fund's management or Board of Directors. The Fund has committed \$348,000 from the General Account and \$5,307,000 from Other Loan Programs for various loans or projects at June 30, 2014. These amounts are included in <u>Unrestricted net position</u>. The Fund is actively accepting applications from prospective recipients to originate loans from amounts allocated by the Board of Directors from Other Loan Programs.

The Board of Directors has also allocated \$1,000,000 of the <u>Unrestricted net position</u> for the "Directors' and Officers' Insurance Account" for the purpose of providing indemnification for the directors and officers of the Fund. The fiscal year 2015 administrative budget of \$12,802,000 will be provided from the <u>Unrestricted net position</u> and from future revenues of the Fund.

## NOTE C – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The Fund actively invests cash in conformity with the Act, the Bond Programs and the Board approved Investment Policy. Permitted investments include a wide variety of securities and obligations such as certain corporate deposits, money market accounts, investment agreements or repurchase agreements with primary government dealers, direct obligations or obligations guaranteed by the State, United States government securities, or federal agency securities. Currently, the Fund's investments consist primarily of United States government or agency securities, FDIC insured Certificates of Deposits or collateralized certificates of deposit. The Investment Policy also permits the Fund to invest a maximum of \$40,000,000 with the WVBOTI of which a maximum of \$20,000,000 can be invested in the WVBOTI West Virginia Money Market Pool. The reported value of the deposits with the WVBOTI approximates the fair value of the pool shares. The WVBOTI operates in accordance with applicable State laws and regulations.

The following is a detail of the Fund's investments by type:

(Dollars in thousands)		June 30, 2014					June 30, 2013			
	Weighted Avg Amortized		Estimated		Amortized		Estimate			
	Maturity		Cost	Fa	ir Value		Cost	Fa	ir Value	
Fannie Mae MBS pools	16.55 years	\$	2,579	\$	2,889	\$	3,371	\$	3,686	
Federal agency securities	9.21 years		44,972		55,245		41,366		51,900	
U.S. Treasury securities	7.96 years		6,294		8,438		6,340		8,709	
West Virginia General Obligations	N/A		-		-		1,511		1,513	
Mortgages held for investment purposes	23.13 years		20,592		20,592		20,941		20,941	
Demand Deposits, Money Market Funds	1 day		52,932		52,932		52,074		52,074	
Collateralized CDs	175 days		31,279		31,279		47,106		47,106	
FDIC Insured CDs	1.21 years		23,600		23,600		34,895		34,895	
WVBOTI deposits	1 day		13,511		13,511		8,573		8,573	
Total investments, including cash equivalents		\$	195,759	\$	208,486	\$	216,177	\$	229,397	

*Interest Rate Risk* –The Investment Policy limits the weighted average maturity of various fund types as shown in the following chart. The Act does not provide for investment maturity limits. Reserve funds are the capital reserve investments required for the Bond Programs which are currently invested in long-term U.S. Government and government agency obligations and long-term certificates of deposit. The Bond Insurance Account, which provides additional reserves for the payment of the Housing Finance Bonds and the General New Issue Program Bonds, is currently invested in U.S. Government and government agency obligations as well as mortgage loans for investment purposes and certificates of deposit. Other funds consist of bond revenues to be used for debt service on the outstanding bonds, bond proceeds for the purchase of mortgage revenue bond loans, Other Loan Program funds and general operating funds. Other funds are primarily invested short-term to meet program funding needs and to provide for daily operational costs of the Fund. Funds held for others consist of single family and multifamily escrow funds as well as amounts to be remitted to others. The Fund has both the intent and the ability to hold long-term securities until final maturity and is therefore limited in its exposure to interest rate risk on these long-term obligations.

	Permitted <u>Maturity Limit</u>	Average Maturity <u>as of June 30, 2014</u>
Reserve Funds	30 Years	8 years
Bond Insurance Funds	15 Years	10 years
Other Funds	4 years	5 months
Funds held for others*		1 day
*Funds held for others not application	ble to limit calculations	

*Credit Risk* – Although permitted by the Act, the Fund's Investment Policy prohibits investment in other State and Local obligations and prohibits investment in corporate debt instruments. The Fund's Investment Policy additionally requires repurchase agreements to be invested with banks or primary dealers which are rated or provide the necessary collateral to maintain the Fund's bond, note and issuer ratings. Furthermore the Investment Policy limits collateral for repurchase agreements to direct federal and federally guaranteed obligations, and federal agency obligations.

As of June 30, 2014, the Fund's investments in the WVBOTI are rated AAAm. Federal agency securities consist of Fannie Mae, Federal Farm Credit Bank, Federal Home Loan Bank and Freddie Mac all of which are rated AA+. Fannie Mae MBS pools are also rated AA+. Certificates of deposit are either FDIC insured through the Certificate of Deposit Account Registry Service (CDARS) or collateralized with an irrevocable standby letter of credit issued by the Federal Home Loan Bank of Pittsburgh, which is rated AA+. Money Market Funds are invested in the Federated Government Obligations Fund and are rated AAAm. Mortgages held for investment purposes are not rated.

Concentration of Credit Risk – The Investment Policy limits the percentage or amount of the investment portfolio that may be invested in various types of issuers as indicated in the chart below. Underlying collateral for repurchase agreements is used in determining the percentage of the permitted investments. The Act does not limit the percentage of investments in any permitted investment type.

(Dollars in thousands)	Maximum of Portfolio	_	nvested Funds	% of Total Investmen
Direct Federal Obligations	100%	\$	6,294	3%
Federal Agency Obligations	90%		47,551	26%
Federally Guaranteed Obligations	100%		-	0%
Demand Deposits, Time Deposits	30%		38,175	21%
Collateralized CDs	\$50,000		31,279	18%
CDARS FDIC Insured CDs	\$50,000		23,600	13%
West Virginia Obligations	15%		-	0%
Mortgages Held for Investment Purposes	30%		20,592	11%
Money Market Funds	25%		5,069	3%
WVBOTI deposits	\$40,000		9,928	5%
TOTAL		\$	182,488	100%
Funds Held for Others *	N/A		13,271	
TOTAL INVESTED FUNDS		\$	195,759	

*Custodial Credit Risk – Deposits* - The Act requires all deposits to be FDIC insured or fully collateralized by permitted investments. The Investment Policy further limits the securities permitted as collateral for amounts in excess of FDIC insurance to direct federal or federally guaranteed obligations, federal agency, or State of West Virginia obligations.

The Fund's cash, including escrow funds, had a carrying value of \$52,932,000 and \$52,074,000 as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Bank balances approximated \$53,445,000 and \$52,715,000 as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, of which approximately \$18,758,000 and \$19,540,000 was covered by federal depository insurance as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, and \$29,618,000 and \$33,090,000 was either collateralized with securities pledged to the Fund and held by the trust department of the pledging financial institution or held and pledged to the Fund by the pledging financial institution's agent as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. Also included in the bank balances above are trust account money market fund balances of \$5,069,000 and \$85,000 as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, which are not subject to custodial credit risk.

*Custodial Credit Risk – Investments –* The Investment Policy requires purchased securities to be physically delivered to the Fund's custodian or trustee or, in the case of book-entry securities; registration books shall designate the custodian or trustee. The Investment Policy also requires collateral for repurchase agreements be delivered to a third party custodian or in the case of book-entry securities, be registered to the Fund. All U.S. government and agency obligations owned by the Fund are registered in the Fund's name or the Fund's designated trustee. Repurchase agreements and investment contracts are tri-party agreements where third parties hold the underlying securities on behalf of the Fund. The Act does not address custodial credit risk for investments.

Mortgages held for investment are included in <u>Mortgage loans, net of allowances</u> and <u>Restricted mortgage loans, net</u> <u>of allowances</u> on the Statements of Net Position. Investments are included at estimated fair value in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

(Dollars in thousands)	June	e 30,
	2014	2013
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 25,419	\$ 27,166
Current restricted cash and cash equivalents	45,880	47,325
Noncurrent restricted cash and cash equivalents	19,073	31,123
Restricted investments	97,522	101,329
Investments	-	1,513
Plus mortgages held for investment purposes	20,592	20,941
Total Investments and cash equivalents	\$ 208,486	\$ 229,397
Less unrealized gains	12,727	13,220
Total Invested Funds	\$ 195,759	\$ 216,177

In accordance with GASB 31 at June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively, the Fund has an unrealized gain on investments of \$12,727,000 and \$13,220,000. This represents a decrease in unrealized gain on investments of \$493,000 and \$4,848,000 from the June 30, 2013 and 2012, respectively. In connection with the unrealized gain, \$1,234,000 and \$1,280,000 is recorded as a liability for related investment earnings as of June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively. This portion is recorded as a liability because, if this gain were realized, it would increase excess rebateable investment earnings pursuant to Section 103A of the Internal Revenue Code, as amended (the Code). To adjust the fair value of investments to reflect this unrealized gain at June 30, 2014 and 2013 and to properly reflect the rebate liability, a \$447,000 and \$4,858,000 decrease was recorded in <u>Net investment earnings</u> in the Statements of Revenues, Expenses, and Changes in Fund Net Position for year ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, respectively.

# NOTE D – BONDS PAYABLE

The Act authorizes the Fund to issue bonds and notes for its various programs in an aggregate principal amount not to exceed \$1,250,000,000 outstanding at any one time, exclusive of refunded obligations. Bonds and notes issued by the Fund are considered obligations of the Fund and are not deemed to constitute a debt or liability of the State.

The proceeds from the Fund's Bond Programs are used to finance mortgage loans to eligible State borrowers and to establish certain reserves as required by the resolutions. The mortgage loans are secured by deeds of trust and approximately 74% of all Bond Program loans are subject to coverage under federal or private mortgage insurance or guarantee programs. All bonds are secured by a pledge of all mortgage loan repayments, all proceeds of federal or private mortgage insurance, interest received on any monies or securities held pursuant to the resolutions, and the rights and interest of the Fund in and to the mortgage loans. Principal and interest paid on bonds and notes payable for the year ended June 30, 2014 and 2013 was \$74,746,000 and \$141,593,000, respectively. In addition, 2014 and 2013 included the refunding of bonds in the amount of \$27,500,000 and \$25,000,000, respectively. The 2014 refundings reduced total debt service payments over the next 26 years by approximately \$8,726,000 and resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present value of the debt service payments of the refunded bonds and refunding bonds) of approximately \$330,000. Total pledged revenues in 2014 and 2013 were \$109,667,000 and \$142,958,000, respectively.

The On-Site Systems Loan Program (the OSLP) was created in September 2007 in partnership with the West Virginia Department of Environmental Protection (the DEP). Under this program the Fund may borrow funds from the DEP Clean Water Revolving Loan Fund. These funds are then loaned to State residents to upgrade, replace or repair inadequate septic systems. Initially, the Board authorized \$1,000,000 for the OSLP and in March 2013 the Board authorized an additional \$1,000,000 for the program. The Fund is obligated to repay the amount borrowed from the DEP only to the extent the Fund receives payments from loan recipients. At June 30, 2014, *Bonds & notes payable - noncurrent* include a \$959,000 note payable due to DEP related to this program under Other Loan Programs.

To reduce its debt expense, the Fund redeems bonds from prepayments of the mortgages in its portfolio when it is prudent to do so. The Code permits the Fund to issue new bonds or notes to replace some of those bonds redeemed early from prepayments. This enables the Fund to issue debt in excess of the bond volume cap allocated to it by the State if required.

Most bonds issued by the Fund are subject to redemption at the option of the Fund prior to maturity at dates and premiums as set forth in the bond resolutions. The Fund redeems bonds prior to their stated maturity dates primarily due to excess program revenues, the prepayments of mortgage loans pledged for the repayment of the bonds, excess amounts in the capital reserve funds, and/or from proceeds of refunding bonds. During the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014 and 2013, the Fund redeemed or refunded \$63,055,000 and \$121,360,000 of bonds, respectively, at redemption prices that approximated their carrying value.

The following charts summarize bond and note activity from 2013 to 2014 and 2012 to 2013, respectively.

	ds Payable Current	1	ds & Notes Payable oncurrent	 ds & Notes Payable Total
Outstanding Balance, June 30, 2013	\$ 40,425	\$	415,273	\$ 455,698
Debt Issued	-		47,750	47,750
Debt Paid	(22,970)		(82)	(23,052)
Early Redemptions	(9,790)		(53,265)	(63,055)
Amortization of Premium	-		(506)	(506)
Reclassification from noncurrent to current	61,150		(61,150)	-
Outstanding Balance, June 30, 2014	\$ 68,815	\$	348,020	\$ 416,835

	ds Payable Current	]	nds & Notes Payable oncurrent	 ids & Notes Payable Total
Outstanding Balance, June 30, 2012	\$ 66,245	\$	515,139	\$ 581,384
Debt Issued	-		21,250	21,250
Debt Paid	(25,000)		(65)	(25,065)
Early Redemptions	(32,465)		(88,895)	(121,360)
Amortization of Premium	-		(511)	(511)
Reclassification from noncurrent to current	31,645		(31,645)	-
Outstanding Balance, June 30, 2013	\$ 40,425	\$	415,273	\$ 455,698

The following is a summary of the notes outstanding in Other Loan Programs and bonds outstanding in the Housing Finance Bond Program and the General New Issue Bond Program:

	Original Amount Authorized		nding at e 30, 2013			
	(Dollars in thousands)					
OTHER LOAN PROGRAMS						
Notes Payable (0.00%) <sup>(1)</sup>	\$ 2,000	\$ 959	\$ 790			
HOUSING FINANCE BOND PROGRAM						
1998 Series F	2,235	-	110			
2003 Series B	17,500	-	17,500			
2004 Series A (4.40%), due 2014-2033	30,000	13,335	14,470			
2004 Series C (4.35%), due 2014-2034	35,000	18,475	20,010			
2005 Series A (4.375%), due 2014-2034	30,000	13,965	15,175			
2005 Series B (4.40%), due 2014-2031	60,110	18,430	21,395			
2005 Series C (4.50%), due 2014-2034	30,000	14,565	15,980			
2006 Series B (4.70%), due 2014-2040	30,000	26,730	27,235			
2006 Series C (5.00%), due 2014-2039	40,000	17,365	20,120			
2006 Series D (4.10% to 5.75%), due 2014-2036	35,000	2,465	6,455			
2007 Series A (4.125% to 5.50%), due 2014-2036	60,000	25,920	32,760			
2007 Series B (6.00%), due 2014-2037	40,000	4,150	5,865			
2007 Series C (5.75%), due 2014-2037	35,000	3,865	5,325			
2008 Series A	20,000	-	1,475			
2008 Series B	10,000	-	10,000			
2010 Series A,B,C (1.60% to 4.45%), due 2014-2022	130,870	48,795	65,670			
2011 Series A (1.367% to 3.622%), due 2014-2021	50,000	38,535	43,215			
2013 Series A (0.55% to 3.20%) due 2014-2028	21,000	19,790	21,000			
2013 Series B, C (0.50% to 4.90%) due 2014-2042	47,500	46,605				
GENERAL NEW IS SUE BOND PROGRAM						
2011 A (1.35% to 3.90%), due 2014-2041	51,850	44,100	47,490			
2012 A (0.70% to 3.35%), due 2014-2041	66,770	58,100	62,465			
Total bonds payable, excluding unamortized premium		415,190	453,715			
Unamortized bond premium, net		686	1,192			
Total notes payable		959	791			
Total bonds & notes payable, net of unamortized premium		\$ 416,835	\$ 455,698			
Payments are due to the DEP as the Fund receives payments from OS	<b>TD1</b>					

Total bonds payable does not include \$9,080,000 in special obligation bonds issued by the Fund as a conduit issuer. These special obligation bonds are secured by loan payments and deeds of trust on three projects. None of the Fund's assets or revenues are pledged to the payment of these special obligations. Furthermore, these special obligations are not secured by the Fund's general obligation debt pledge or its moral obligation and are not included in the Fund's financial statements.

The following is a summary of scheduled annual principal and interest for bonds in the Bond Programs for the five years commencing July 1, 2014 and thereafter to maturity.

ear Ending June 30	<u> </u>	Principal		Interest			Total		
				(Dollar	s in thousa	inds)			
2015	(1)	\$	68,815	\$	13,597	\$	82,412		
2016			26,860		12,332		39,192		
2017			24,100		11,590		35,690		
2018			22,315		10,884		33,199		
2019			22,485		10,175		32,660		
2020-2024			89,240		39,439		128,679		
2025-2029			57,675		26,029		83,704		
2030-2034			53,440		15,259		68,699		
2035-2039			38,455		5,726		44,181		
2040-2042			11,805		549		12,354		
	-	\$	415,190	\$	145,580	\$	560,770		

In accordance with Section 103A of the Code, the Fund has established allowances for excess rebateable investment earnings. The excess rebateable investment earnings arise due to actual investment yields earned by the Fund being greater than yields permitted to be retained by the Fund under the Code. The Code requires such excess investment earnings to be remitted to the Internal Revenue Service. As of June 30, 2014 and June 30, 2013 the Fund does not have any excess rebateable investment earnings. Future excess investment earnings may require the establishment of liabilities for these and other bond issues.

The Fund has a \$15,000,000 line of credit with the Federal Home Loan Bank that is available to use as a warehouse line for the purchase of single family, multifamily and secondary market loans. This line of credit will be secured by investments of the Bond Insurance Account as funds are advanced and it is a general obligation of the Fund. At June 30, 2014 and 2013, no advances had been drawn on this line of credit, and accordingly, no balance is outstanding.

## NOTE E - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES AND RISK MANAGEMENT

Under the terms of certain federal programs, periodic audits are required and certain costs and expenditures may be questioned as not being appropriate under the terms of the program. Such audits could lead to reimbursements to the grantor agencies. Historically, questioned costs have been insignificant. Management of the Fund believes future disallowances relating to current federal program expenditures, if any, will continue to be insignificant.

The Fund is a defendant in various legal proceedings arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of management and its legal counsel the ultimate resolution of these proceedings will not have a material adverse effect on the Fund's financial position.

Through its business operations, the Fund is exposed to various risks of loss related to potential loan losses on program mortgages, fire, liability, and employee wrongdoing. To reduce risk of loss on program mortgages, the Fund has various types of mortgage insurance. At June 30, 2014, 47.00% of the Fund's single family Bond Program loans were VA, USDA Rural Development, or FHA guaranteed. Another 26.71% of these loans carry private mortgage insurance. Substantially all multifamily mortgages are federally insured or guaranteed and/or are subject to HUD Section 8 rental assistance subsidies.

The Fund is insured against fire for owned assets, liability, and employee negligence through private insurance. Furthermore, key staff members of the Fund are bonded against theft in the aggregate amount of \$4,000,000. The Board of Directors has allocated \$1,000,000 of the Fund's unrestricted net position to provide indemnification for the directors and officers of the Fund. Additionally, the Fund has general liability insurance with the State Board of Risk and Insurance Management in the amount of \$1,000,000 per occurrence and excess liability coverage of \$10,000,000 aggregate with General Star Insurance Company for officers' and directors' indemnity. The Fund pays an annual premium in exchange for such coverage. There have been no significant settlements in excess of insurance coverage during the past three calendar years.

## NOTE F - RETIREMENT PLAN

All full-time Fund employees are eligible to participate in the State's Public Employees' Retirement System (PERS), a cost-sharing multiple-employer public employee retirement system. Employees who retire at or after age 60 with five or more years of credited service, or at least age 55 with age and service equal to 80, are entitled to a retirement benefit established by State statute, payable monthly for life, in the form of a straight-life annuity equal to two percent of the employee's final average salary, multiplied by the number of years of the employee's credited service at the time of retirement.

Final average salary is the average of the highest annual compensation received by an employee during any period of three consecutive years of credited service included within fifteen years of credited service immediately preceding the termination date of employment with a participating public employer or, if the employee has less than three years of credited service, the average of the annual rate of compensation received by the employee during the total years of credited service. The PERS also provides deferred retirement, early retirement, death, and disability benefits. Beginning July 1, 2014 the required contributor's percentage will decrease from 14.5% to 14.0% and is determined by actuarial advisement within ranges set by statute. As permitted by legislation, the Fund has elected to pay 100% of all costs relating to the Plan, including the employee's 4.5% contribution for employees hired on or before February 6, 2012. Beginning February 7, 2012, new hires are required to pay the employee's contribution of 4.5%. The Fund's cost of the Plan approximated \$1,022,000, \$970,000, and \$1,086,000 for the fiscal years ended June 30, 2014, 2013, and 2012, respectively. The PERS issues an annual report, which can be obtained by contacting the West Virginia Consolidated Public Retirement Board at 4101 MacCorkle Avenue S.E., Charleston, WV 25304-1636.

## NOTE G – COMPENSATED ABSENCES AND OTHER POSTEMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Employees accumulate annual leave balances to maximum amounts ranging from 210 to 420 hours. Most employees receive a 100% termination payment upon separation based upon their final rate of pay. The liability for annual leave is valued at 100% of the balance plus the Fund's share of Social Security and Medicare contributions. The Fund has recorded a liability for accrued vacation for all employees in accordance with GASB Statement No. 16, *Accounting for Compensated Absences*. The liability for annual leave is shown below. In lieu of cash payment at retirement, an employee can elect to use accumulated annual leave toward their postemployment health care insurance premium as further explained in Note H.

Accumulated Annual Leave:		014	-	012		010
(Dollars in thousands)	4	2014		2013	4	2012
Balance at beginning of fiscal year	\$	437	\$	497	\$	540
Annual leave earned		573		528		524
Annual leave (used)		(584)		(588)		(567)
Balance at end of fiscal year	\$	426	\$	437	\$	497

## NOTE H - POSTEMPLOYMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN

*Plan Description.* The Fund provides certain health care insurance benefits for retired employees. The Fund established the Welfare Benefit Plan (the Plan), an irrevocable trust, for the future costs of these benefits. The assets of the Plan are with an external trustee and, accordingly, no assets or liabilities are reflected in the Fund's financial statements. The Plan is a single-employer defined other postemployment benefit plan administered by the Fund. Substantially all employees may become eligible for these benefits if they reach normal retirement age while working for the Fund. Management of the Fund has the authority to establish and amend benefit provisions to the Plan. The financial statements and required supplementary information for the Plan are included in this note as supplementary information to the Fund's financial statements.

#### WES T VIRGINIA HOUS ING DEVELOPMENT FUND POS TEMPLO YMENT HEALTHCARE PLAN

(Dollars in Thousands)				
(Domais in mousulus)		June	30,	
		2014	:	2013
ASSETS	¢	1.096	¢	290
Restricted cash and cash equivalents Restricted accrued interest on investments	\$	1,086 10	\$	289 13
Accounts receivable		10		9
Total assets		1,201		311
Restricted investments:				
U.S. Government Securities		198		600
Federal Agency Securities		2,783		2,670
Total investments		2,981		3,270
Total assets		4,182		3,581
LIABILITIES				
Current liabilities:				
Accounts payable and other liabilities		-		-
Total current liabilities		-		-
TOTAL NET POSITION HELD IN TRUST	\$	4,182	\$	3,581
STATEMENTS OF CHANGES IN PLAN NET PO	SITION			
ADDITIONS				
Contributions - Employer	\$	694	\$	219
	\$	694 53	\$	
Contributions - Employer Investment income	\$		\$	
Contributions - Employer Investment income DEDUCTIONS	\$	53 747	\$	(9) 210
Contributions - Employer Investment income DEDUCTIONS Benefits	\$	53 747 120	\$	(9) 210 205
Contributions - Employer Investment income DEDUCTIONS	\$	53 747 120 26	\$	(9) 210 205 11
Contributions - Employer Investment income DEDUCTIONS Benefits	\$ 	53 747 120	\$	(9) 210 205
Contributions - Employer Investment income DEDUCTIONS Benefits	\$ 	53 747 120 26	\$	(9) 210 205 11 216
Contributions - Employer Investment income <b>DEDUCTIONS</b> Benefits Administrative expenses	\$ 	53 747 120 26 146	\$	(9) 210 205 11 216
Contributions - Employer Investment income DEDUCTIONS Benefits Administrative expenses CHANGE IN PLAN NET POSITION	\$ 	53 747 120 26 146	\$	(9) 210 205 11

*Funding Policy*. The contribution requirements of plan members and the Fund are established and may be amended by the Fund's management. In lieu of cash payment at retirement, an employee can elect to use accumulated annual and accumulated sick leave toward their postemployment health care insurance premium. A retiree may convert two unused leave days into one month's insurance premium for single coverage or three unused leave days into one month's premium for family coverage. The Fund will pay monthly health insurance premiums of these retirees based on unused sick leave and/or annual leave at the time of retirement until the unused leave is fully utilized or until the retiree reaches the eligible age for Medicare. Accordingly, the maximum period for which a retiree may be entitled to such benefits would be twelve years. The Fund's policy is to fund the cost of medical benefits in amounts determined at the discretion of management.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation. The Fund's annual OPEB cost (expense) is calculated based on the annual required contribution of the employer (ARC), an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45, "Accounting and Financial Reporting by Employers for Postemployment Benefits Other Than Pensions" (OPEB). The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis it is projected to cover normal cost each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities over a period not to exceed thirty years. As of January 1, 2013, the date of the most recent actuarial evaluation, the Fund has unfunded actuarial liabilities of \$1,399,000, however the Fund contributed an additional \$469,000 in excess of the annual required contribution in fiscal year 2014 and intends to fund the remaining actuarial liability over fiscal years 2015 and 2016.

The following table shows the components of the Fund's annual OPEB cost for the year, the amount actually contributed to the Plan, and changes in the Fund's net OPEB obligation to the Plan.

(Dollars in thousands)	2	014	ne 30, 2013	2	012
Annual Required Contribution (ARC) Interest on Net OPEB Obligation Annual OPEB cost (expense)	\$	225	\$ 219 - 219	\$	54 - 54
Contributions Receivable Additional Contributions* Total Contributions		225 469 694	 219 - 219		54 - 54
Percentage of Annual OPEB Expense Contributed		308%	100%		100%

Actuarial valuations of an ongoing plan involve estimates of the value of reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of occurrence of events far into the future. Examples include assumptions about future employment, mortality, and the healthcare cost trend. Amounts determined regarding the funded status of the Plan and the ARC are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared with past expectations and new estimates are made about the future.

*Funded Status and Funding Progress.* The funded status of the Plan per actuarial valuations as of January 1, 2013, January 1, 2010 and January 1, 2007 was as follows:

	Schedule of Funding Progress								
					Unfunded				UAAL
				Actuarial				as a	
		tuarial		tuarial	Accrued			Percentage	
Actuarial	Va	lue of	A	ccrued	Liability	Funded	Covered		of Covered
Valuation	A	ssets	Li	ability	(UAAL)	Ratio	Payroll		Payroll
Date		(a)		( <b>b</b> )	( <b>b-a</b> )	(a/b)		(c)	[(b-a)/c]
1/1/2013	\$	3,609	\$	5,008	1,399	72%	\$	5,217	27%
1/1/2010		3,202		2,114	(1,088)	151%		5,365	(20%)
1/1/2007		2.678		2.244	(434)	119%		5.259	(8%)

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions. Projections of benefits for financial reporting purposes include the types of benefits provided at the time of the valuation and the historical pattern of sharing of benefit costs between the Fund and plan members to that point. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce the effects of short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and the actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

In the January 1, 2013 actuarial valuation, the following information was used:

Entry Age Normal
Level Percentage of Pay Closed
24 years
Market Value
4.50%
3.00%
4.00%
2.00%

## NOTE I – SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

On July 1, 2014, the Fund issued the Housing Finance 2014 Series A and Series B bonds in the amount of \$48,865,000. Bond proceeds and other available funds in the amount of \$31,810,000 were used to fully redeem the Housing Finance Bonds 2004 Series A and Series C Bonds on August 1, 2014. Bond proceeds in the amount of \$20,000,000 will be used to originate single family mortgage loans.

On August 1, 2014 the Fund redeemed various Housing Finance Bonds and General New Issue Bond Program Bonds in advance of the scheduled maturities at a par amount of \$7,640,000.

#### NOTE J - NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) has issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions, which will be effective for the Fund's financial statements June 30, 2015. The Fund has not yet determined the effect this statement will have on its financial statements; however Statement No. 68 requires an actuarial evaluation of the State's Public Employees' Retirement System to calculate its net pension liability. The Fund will be required to recognize a liability equal to its proportionate share of the net pension liability.

The GASB has also issued Statement No. 69, "Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operations", and Statement No. 70, "Accounting and Financial Reporting for Nonexchange Financial Guarantees", both of which will be effective for the Fund's financial statements June 30, 2015. Because the Fund has not participated in any mergers, acquisitions or transfers of operations and cannot legally indemnify a third-party obligation holder, the Fund will not be affected by these statements.