

**Internal Revenue Service**  
**Revenue Ruling 92-61**  
**(Treatment of Resident  
Manager's Unit)**

**Rev. Rul. 92-61**

ISSUE

If a unit in a qualified low-income building is occupied by a full-time resident manager, is the adjusted basis of that unit included in the building's eligible basis under section 42(d)(1) of the Internal Revenue Code and is that unit included in the applicable fraction under section 42(c)(1)(B) for determining the qualified basis of the building?

FACTS

At the beginning of 1990, LP, a limited partnership with a calendar tax year, placed in service a newly constructed apartment building that qualified for the low-income housing credit under section 42(a) of the Code. LP elected to meet the 40-60 test of section 42(g)(1)(B), which requires that at least 40 percent of the units in the building be rent-restricted and occupied by tenants whose incomes are 60 percent or less of area median gross income. Throughout 1990, the first year of the building's credit period, 69 of the 70 units in the building were rent-restricted and occupied by tenants whose incomes were 60 percent or less of area median gross income. The remaining unit in the building was occupied by a resident manager who was hired by LP to manage the building and to be on call to attend to the maintenance needs of the other tenants. All of the units in the building meet the same standard of quality and have the same amount of floor space.

LAW AND ANALYSIS

Section 42(a) of the Code provides that the amount of the low-income housing credit determined for any tax year in the credit period is an amount equal to the applicable percentage of the qualified basis of each low-income building.

Section 42(c)(1)(A) of the Code defines the qualified basis of any qualified low-income building for any tax year as an amount equal to the applicable fraction, determined as of the close of the tax year, of the eligible basis of the building, determined under section 42(d)(5).

Section 42(c)(1)(B) of the Code defines the applicable fraction as the smaller of the unit fraction or the floor space fraction. Section 42(c)(1)(B) defines the unit fraction as the fraction the numerator of which is the number of low-income units in the building and the denominator of which is the number of residential rental units, whether or not occupied, in the building. Section 42(c)(1)(D) defines the floor space fraction as the fraction the numerator of which is the total floor space of the low-income units in the building and the denominator of which is the total floor space of the residential rental units, whether or not occupied, in the building. In general, under section 42(i)(3)(B), a low-income unit is any unit that is rent-restricted and occupied by individuals meeting the income limitation applicable to the building.

Section 42(d)(1) of the Code provides that the eligible basis of a new building is its adjusted basis as of the close of the first tax year of the credit period. Section 42(d)(4)(A) provides that, except as provided in section 42(d)(4)(B), the adjusted basis of any building is determined without regard to the adjusted basis of any property that

is not residential rental property. Section 42(d)(4)(B) provides that the adjusted basis of any building includes the adjusted basis of property of a character subject to the allowance for depreciation used in common areas or provided as comparable amenities to all residential rental units in the building.

The legislative history of section 42 of the Code states that residential rental property, for purposes of the low-income housing credit, has the same meaning as residential rental property within section 103. The legislative history of section 42 further states that residential rental property thus includes residential rental units, facilities for use by the tenants, and other facilities reasonably required by the project. 2 H.R. Conf. Rep. No. 841, 99th Cong., 2d Sess. II-89 (1986), 1986-3 (Vol. 4) C.B. 89. Under section 1.103-8(b)(4) of the Income Tax Regulations, facilities that are functionally related and subordinate to residential rental units are considered residential rental property. Section 1.103-8(b)(4)(iii) provides that facilities that are functionally related and subordinate to residential rental units include facilities for use by the tenants, such as swimming pools and similar recreational facilities, parking areas, and other facilities reasonably required for the project. The examples given by section 1.103-8(b)(4)(iii) of facilities reasonably required for a project specifically include units for resident managers or maintenance personnel.

Accordingly, the unit occupied by LP's resident manager is residential rental property for purposes of section 42 of the Code. The adjusted basis of the unit is includible in the building's eligible basis under section 42(d)(1). The inclusion of the adjusted basis of the resident manager's unit in eligible basis will not be affected

by a later conversion of that apartment to a residential rental unit.

The term "residential rental unit" has a narrower meaning under section 42 of the Code than residential rental property. As noted above, under the legislative history of section 42, residential rental property includes facilities for use by the tenants and other facilities reasonably required by the project, as well as residential rental units. Under section 1.103-8(b)(4) of the regulations, units for resident managers or maintenance personnel are not classified as residential rental units, but rather as facilities reasonably required by a project that are functionally related and subordinate to residential rental units.

LP's resident manager's unit is properly considered a facility reasonably required by the project, not a residential rental unit for purposes of section 42 of the Code. Consequently, the unit is not included in either the numerator or denominator of the applicable fraction under section 42(c)(1)(B) for purposes of determining the qualified basis of the building for the first year of the credit period.

Therefore, as of the end of the first year of the credit period, the adjusted basis of the unit occupied by LP's resident manager is included in the building's eligible basis under section 42(d)(1) of the code, but the unit is excluded from the applicable fraction under section 42(c)(1)(B). Because all of the residential rental units in LP's building are low-income units, the applicable fraction for the building is "one" (69/69, using the unit fraction).

If in a later year of the credit period, the resident manager's unit is converted to a residential rental unit, the unit will be included in the denominator of the applicable fraction for that year. If the unit also becomes a low-income unit in that year, the unit will be included

in the numerator of the applicable fraction for that year. In this case, the applicable fraction will also be "one" (70/70, using the unit fraction).

#### HOLDING

The adjusted basis of a unit occupied by a full-time resident manager is included in the eligible basis of a qualified low-income building under section 42(d)(1) of the Code, but the unit is excluded from the applicable fraction under section 42(c)(1)(B) for purposes of determining the building's qualified basis.

#### EFFECTIVE DATE

The Internal Revenue Service will not apply this revenue ruling to any building placed in service prior to September 9, 1992, or to any building receiving an allocation of credit prior to September 9, 1992, unless the owner files or has filed a return that is consistent with this ruling. Similarly, the Service will not apply this revenue ruling to any building described in section 42(h)(4)(B) of the Code with respect to which bonds were issued prior to September 9, 1992, unless the owner files or has filed a return that is consistent with this ruling.

#### DRAFTING INFORMATION

The principal author of this revenue ruling is Paul F. Handleman of the Office of Assistant Chief counsel (Passthroughs and Special Industries). For further information regarding this revenue ruling contact Mr. Handleman on (202) 622-3040 (not a toll-free call).